





Grade 6	Australia	Brazil	China	Russia	United Kingdom	China	Egypt	Greece	Rome	Vikings	Canada	India	Japan	Mexico	South Africa
5. Discuss how Judaism survived and developed despite the continuing dispersion of much of the Jewish population from Jerusalem and the rest of Israel after the destruction of the second Temple in A.D. 70															
<b>6.4 Students analyze the geographic, political, economic, religious, and social structures of the early civilizations of Ancient Greece</b>															
1. Discuss the connections between geography and the development of city-states in the region of the Aegean Sea, including patterns of trade and commerce among Greek city-states and within the wider Mediterranean region								X							
2. Trace the transition from tyranny and oligarchy to early democratic forms of government and back to dictatorship in ancient Greece, including the significance of the invention of the idea of citizenship (e.g., from Pericles' Funeral Oration).								X							
3. State the key differences between Athenian, or direct, democracy and representative democracy								X							
4. Explain the significance of Greek mythology to the everyday life of people in the region and how Greek literature continues to permeate our literature and language today, drawing from Greek mythology and epics, such as Homer's Iliad and Odyssey, and from Aesop's Fables								X							
5. Outline the founding, expansion, and political organization of the Persian Empire								X							
6. Compare and contrast life in Athens and Sparta, with emphasis on their roles in the Persian and Peloponnesian Wars								X							
7. Trace the rise of Alexander the Great and the spread of Greek culture eastward and into Egypt								X							



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2. Explain the geographic features of China that made governance and the spread of ideas and goods difficult and served to isolate the country from the rest of the world			X		X										
3. Know about the life of Confucius and the fundamental teachings of Confucianism and Taoism.			X		X										
4. Identify the political and cultural problems prevalent in the time of Confucius and how he sought to solve them			X		X										
5. List the policies and achievements of the emperor Shi Huangdi in unifying northern China under the Qin Dynasty			X		X										
6. Detail the political contributions of the Han Dynasty to the development of the imperial bureaucratic state and the expansion of the empire			X		X										
7. Cite the significance of the trans-Eurasian "silk roads" in the period of the Han Dynasty and Roman Empire and their locations			X		X										
8. Describe the diffusion of Buddhism northward to China during the Han Dynasty			X		X										
<b>6.7 Students analyze the geographic, political, economic, religious, and social structures during the development of Rome</b>															
1. Identify the location and describe the rise of the Roman Republic, including the importance of such mythical and historical figures as Aeneas, Romulus and Remus, Cincinnatus, Julius Caesar, and Cicero									X						
2. Describe the government of the Roman Republic and its significance (e.g., written constitution and tripartite government, checks and balances, civic duty).									X						

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3. Identify the location of and the political and geographic reasons for the growth of Roman territories and expansion of the empire, including how the empire fostered economic growth through the use of currency and trade routes									X						
4. Discuss the influence of Julius Caesar and Augustus in Rome's transition from republic to empire									X						
5. Trace the migration of Jews around the Mediterranean region and the effects of their conflict with the Romans, including the Romans' restrictions on their right to live in Jerusalem									X						
6. Note the origins of Christianity in the Jewish Messianic prophecies, the life and teachings of Jesus of Nazareth as described in the New Testament, and the contribution of St. Paul the Apostle to the definition and spread of Christian beliefs (e.g., belief in the Trinity, resurrection, salvation).									X						
7. Describe the circumstances that led to the spread of Christianity in Europe and other Roman territories									X						
8. Discuss the legacies of Roman art and architecture, technology and science, literature, language, and law									X						